

# **Non-Stop Begonias:** Impatiens Necrotic Spot Virus (INSV)

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On a recent trip visiting greenhouses, a grower asked me to look at her non-stop (tuberous) begonias (Begonia tuberhybrida) and kalanchoes. Begonia leaf symptoms varied from a yellow mottled pattern, small leaves and necrosis (see photos below). Symptoms appeared on multiple cultivars scattered on three benches. Western flower thrips had been a problem a few weeks earlier, but at the time of the visit none were found and they were under control.

The mottled leaf pattern is a typical symptom of a virus. So to confirm the diagnosis, plants were tested by Mike Munster of the NC State University Plant Disease and Insect Clinic (http://www.cals. ncsu.edu/plantpath/extension/ clinic/). INSV was confirmed

with an enzyme-linked immu-

If you suspect a virus problem, nosorbent assay (ELISA) test. have the plants tested by a di-



Mottled yellow and green leaf spots on non-stop begonias







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Where trade names, proprietary products, or specific equipment are listed, no discrimination is intended and no endorsement, guarantee or warranty is implied by the authors, universities or associations. agnostic clinic. You can also conduct in-house testing with ELISA kits from Agdia (http://www.agdia.com/). If you choose to test in-house, Stephen Nameth of Ohio State University wrote a great article about improving INSV diagnosis techniques (http://www.gpnmag.com/improving-insv-diagnosis).

# Management.

Once a plant has INSV, it cannot be cured. So discarding infected plants is the only option. Note some plants may be asymptomatic but still have INSV. Thus with the primary method of spreading INSV is by Western Flower thrips (Frankliniella occidentallis) feeding, it is critical to keep them under control.

### Additional Resources.

There are additional online resources with details about the disease, host range, and how it is spread. Below is a listing of a few which pertain to greenhouse crops.

## NC State University

http://www.ces.ncsu.edu/depts/ent/notes/O&T/production/note120.html

http://www.ces.ncsu.edu/depts/ent/notes/O&T/flowers/ort072e/ort072e.htm

http://ncsupdicblog.blogspot. com/2012/01/sample-ofweek-insv-on-cyclamen.html

## Penn State University

http://extension.psu.edu/plantdisease-factsheets/all-factsheets/impatiens-necroticspot-virus

University of Massachusetts http://extension.umass.edu/floriculture/fact-sheets/impatiens-necrotic-spot-virus-andtomato-spotted-wilt-virus

University of Connecticut
http://www.hort.uconn.edu/
ipm/greenhs/htms/tospov.htm

In cooperation with our local and state greenhouse organizations









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Less severe mottled yellow and green leaf spots on non-stop begonias



Advanced symptoms of necrotic leaf spots

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Advanced yellow and green leaf spots



Symptoms on a dark leafed cultivar.